RESILIENCY HUBS FOR PARTICIPATORY DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

SOUTH BRONX RESILIENCY HUBS | NOS QUEDAMOS

A LACK OF DISASTER PREPAREDNESS COSTS COMMUNITIES

Despite high risks of disruption and displacement in the South Bronx, public investments in neighborhood resilience are limited. As shown by the pandemic, disaster preparedness is lacking, which is costly for communities.

Disaster preparedness reduces these costs by improving the speed and effectiveness of emergency responses, saving lives, reducing suffering and other costs, enhancing local leadership, increasing financial resilience, and decreasing the energy needs of relief actions.

SOCIAL VULNERABILITY

HOT SPOT

COLD SPOT

COSTS TO INDIVIDUALS

Increased risk of injury, illness, and death

Stress and mental health impacts

Reduced access to emergency services, public transit, schools, etc.

Social disruption

Increased risk of displacement

Damages to structures, infrastructure, property

Time and money spent on cleanup

Lost wages or business income due to missed work

Longer commutes due to road closures

COSTS TO THE PUBLIC

Decreased economic activity

Business closures

Decreased real estate value

Contamination of water bodies and public spaces

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SOUTH BRONX





BUILDING ON COMMUNITY STRENGTHS REDUCES RISK

Research shows that community-led and participatory approaches to disaster preparation can improve local resilience and reduce stress by building on community strengths and supporting social cohesion.¹ Partnering with local communities to invest in emergency preparedness can also reduce future recovery costs.

NOS QUEDAMOS SERVES AS A LEADER IN COMMUNITY-DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT

We Stay/Nos Quedamos, a South Bronx-based Community Development Corporation, is building community resilience in the Melrose neighborhoods. Nos Quedamos' mission is to maintain the health and culture of South Bronx neighborhoods by engaging with the community, transforming existing groups and opportunities, and empowering the area's marginalized communities to thrive. The organization has brought over \$500 million in investment value to the area including affordable housing for more than 4,000 families, infrastructure and broadband access, open space and parks, education and trade programs, environmental health and social justice advocacy.

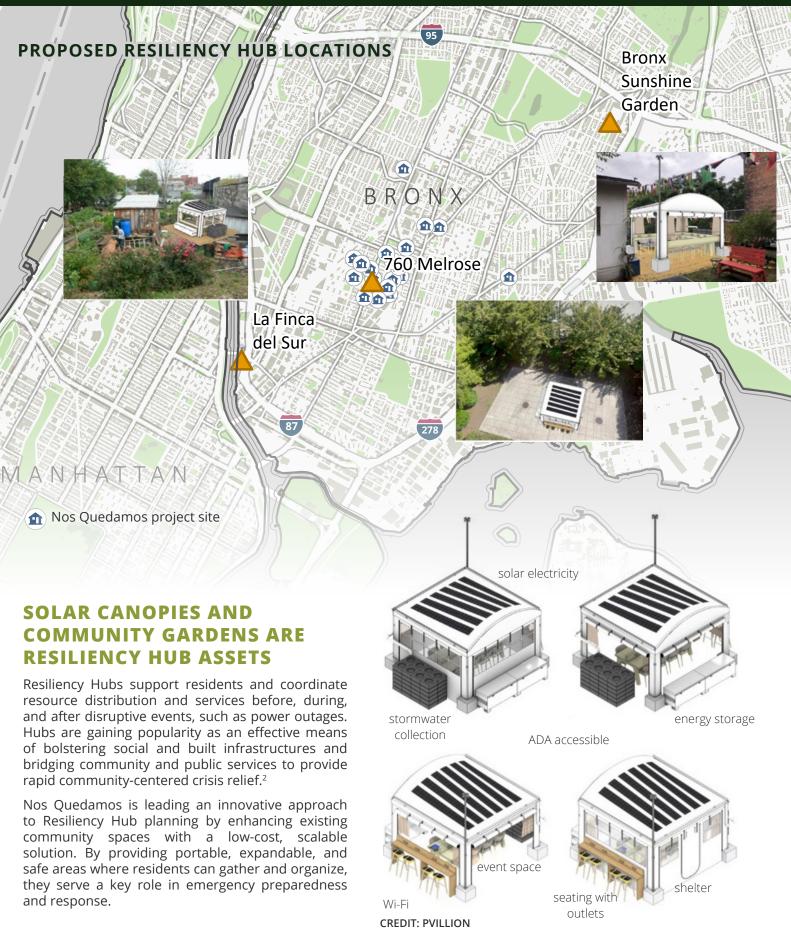
Nos Quedamos has been providing food relief since 2021, helping to fill in gaps in NYC's response to the COVID-19 public health crisis. Similarly, the South Bronx Resiliency Hubs will support future disaster preparedness while providing everyday benefits that enhance community well-being and self-determination.



Nos Quedamos work began work in 1992 when New York City proposed the Melrose Commons Urban Renewal Area, which designated 30 blocks in Melrose to be developed for middle-income New Yorkers. But this site was already home to roughly 6,000 lowincome residents. Outraged by the injustice of their displacement, the local community banded together to draft and pass an unprecedented alternative proposal that created the Melrose Commons.

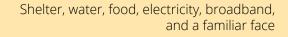
Nos Quedamos, a leader of community-led solutions in sustainable development in the Bronx, is investing in communities through the installment of The South Bronx Resiliency Hubs.





RESILIENCY HUB RENDERING

RESILIENCY HUBS PROVIDE RISK PREVENTION, PREPAREDNESS, RESPONSE, AND RECOVERY BENEFITS



Community events that build social cohesion³

Enhancement of community gardens -water, electricity, and broadband for operations and maintenance

Local workforce development in sustainable design, solar power, and stormwater management PREVENTION

Youth programming and STEM education to underrepresented groups



Reliable public communications centers during the first 72 hours of an emergency

Safe, trusted, and familiar

location for resource and

on community members and local institutions⁴

reduce the stress and strain

service provision that

First responder support and rapid emergency response services

Reliable electricity during black-outs and brown-outs

Shade and water during heat waves, and warming stations in the winter

QUALITY **OF LIFE**

PREPAREDNES

RECVERY

RESPONSE

Survey and monitor trends in how community members understand risk

Gather community feedback on crisis management actions and plans

> Host trainings and raise awareness (e.g., FEMA's **Community Emergency** Response Team program)

Adapted from Peters et al. (2019). Financing Common Goods for Health: Core government functions in health emergency and disaster risk management.



RESILIENCY HUBS ARE AN OPPORTUNITY TO IMPROVE NYC PLANS TO STRENGTHEN COMMUNITIES AND IMPROVE DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

South Bronx Resiliency Hubs are an increasingly popular, collaborative approach to promoting disaster preparedness and revitalizing communities. Nos Quedamos' Resiliency Hubs can help NYC invest existing available funding more effectively while also helping advance participatory efforts to design effective disaster preparedness programs. Hubs build social cohesion and local capacity, which promotes both local economic development and disaster preparedness. Future interventions should prioritize collaborative, community-centered initiatives such as Resiliency Hubs alongside efforts to address the main components of risk, including natural hazards and community exposures, vulnerabilities, and capacities.

CITATIONS

¹Idris, I. (2018). Cost-effectiveness in humanitarian work: Preparedness, pre-financing and early action (p. 14). Governance and Social Development Resource Centre (GSDRC). https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/5c6fd53de5274a0eccf6bfc3/461_Cost_Effectiveness_in_Humanitarian_Work_ Preparedness_Pre-financing_and_Early_Action.pdf

²Baja, K. (2018). Resilience Hubs: Shifting Power to Communities and Increasing Community Capacity (p. 10). Urban Sustainability Directors Network (USDN). www.adaptationclearinghouse.org/resources/resilience-hubs-shifting-power-to-communities-and-increasing-community-capacity.html.

³Hazards Vulnerability and Resilience Institute. (2023). Baseline Resilience Indicators for Communities (BRIC). University of South Carolina. www.sc.edu/ study/colleges_schools/artsandsciences/centers_and_institutes/hvri/data_and_resources/bric/index.php

⁴Berardi, M. K., Hernandez, T., & Brennan, M. (2022). A Community Approach to Disaster Preparedness and Response. Penn State Extension. https:// extension.psu.edu/a-community-approach-to-disaster-preparedness-and-response

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Earth Economics 1102 A Street STE 321 | Tacoma, WA 98402 | (253) 539-4801 | eartheconomics.org

